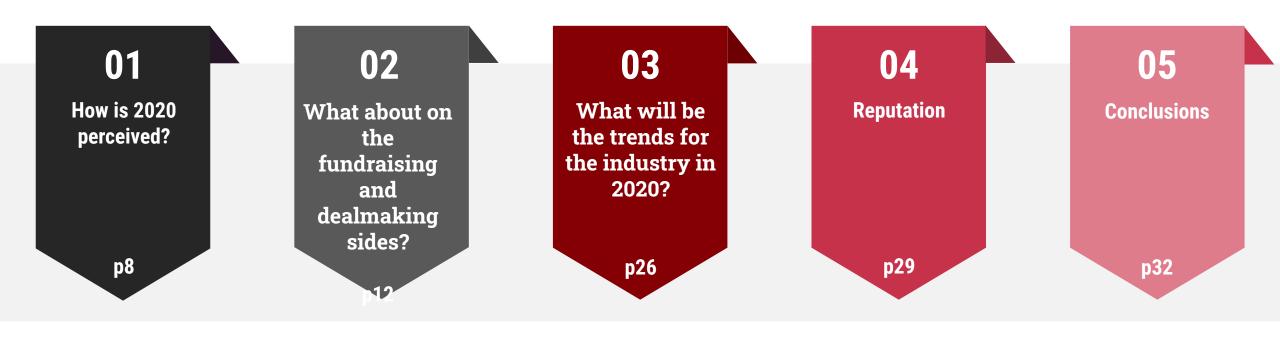


### **IPEM PRIVATE EQUITY PAN-EUROPEAN SURVEY 2020**





Summary



2

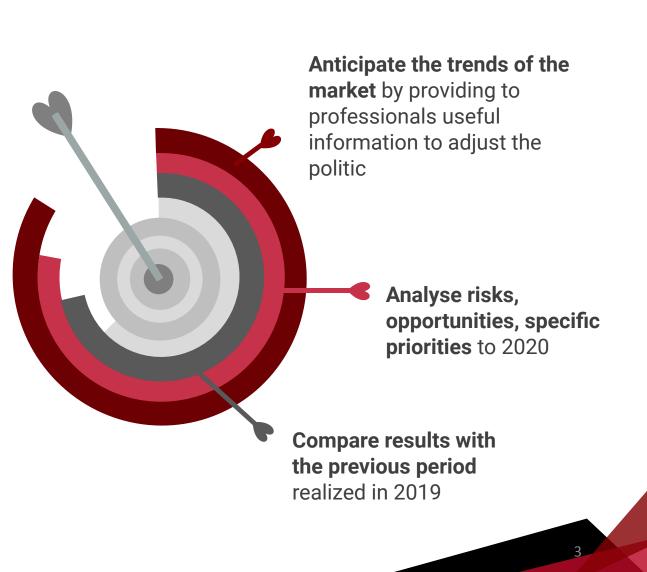


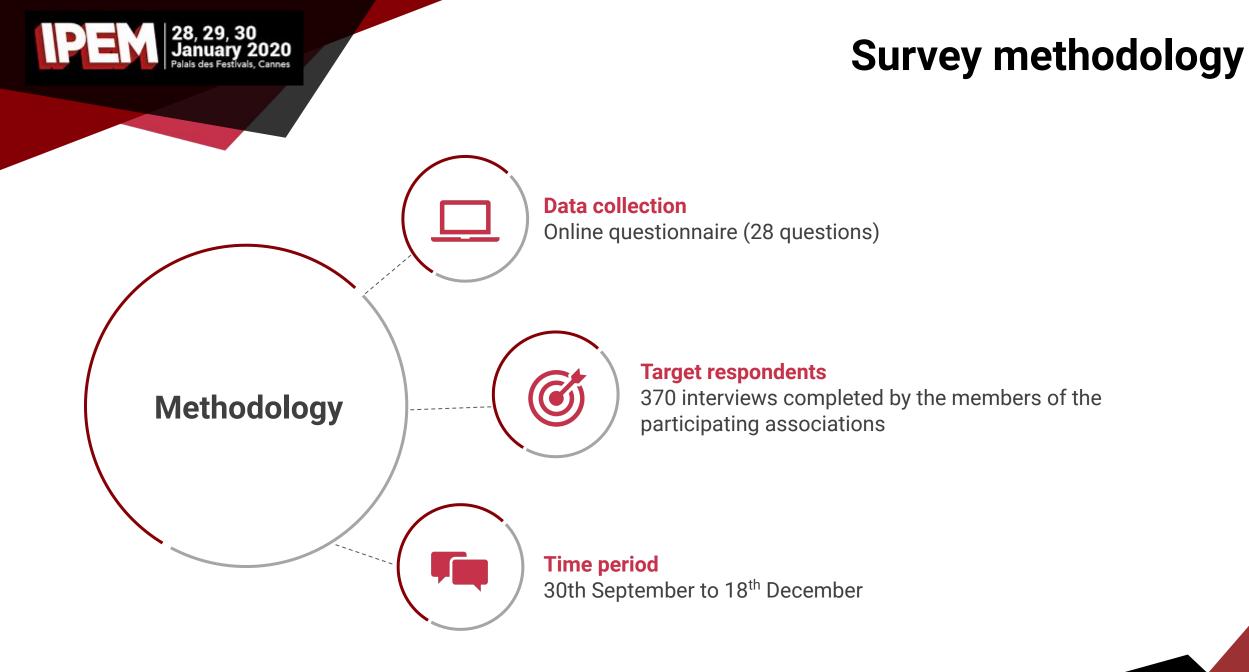
### **Context and objectives**

IPEM is the largest Private Capital Marketplace to gather the whole value chain of the industry:

- 1,600+ participants from 30+ countries (LPs, GPs, Advisors and Business Services)
- ✓ 150+ exhibitors
- ✓ 40+ conferences
- ✓ 30+ networking events

IPEM would like to renew the 2019 opinion survey of European PE professionals by revealing both local and pan-european trends.





Δ



### **Participation of IPEM** supporting associations



118 respondents

**Belgium / Netherlands** 



64 respondents

Germany / Austria / Switzerland SECA

German Private Equity and Venture Capital Association e.V.



63 respondents

Spain / Portugal



49 respondents

Italy



Italian Private Equity, Venture Capital and Private Debt Association

43 respondents

**United Kingdom** 



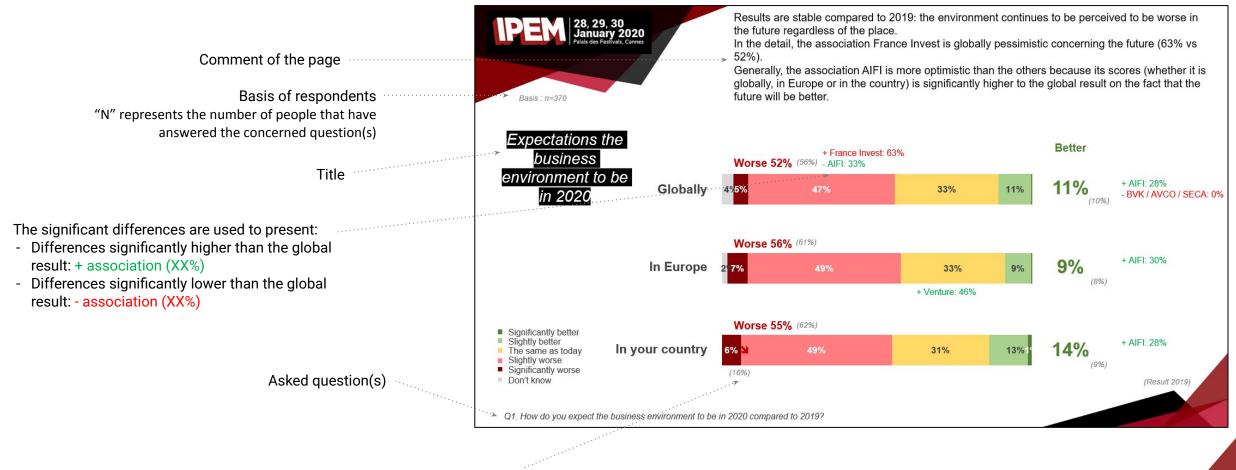
Other: 9 respondents



Low number of respondents / Qualitative data



### How to read the report?



Significant differences between the previous wave are indicated

6





3

# How is 2020 perceived?

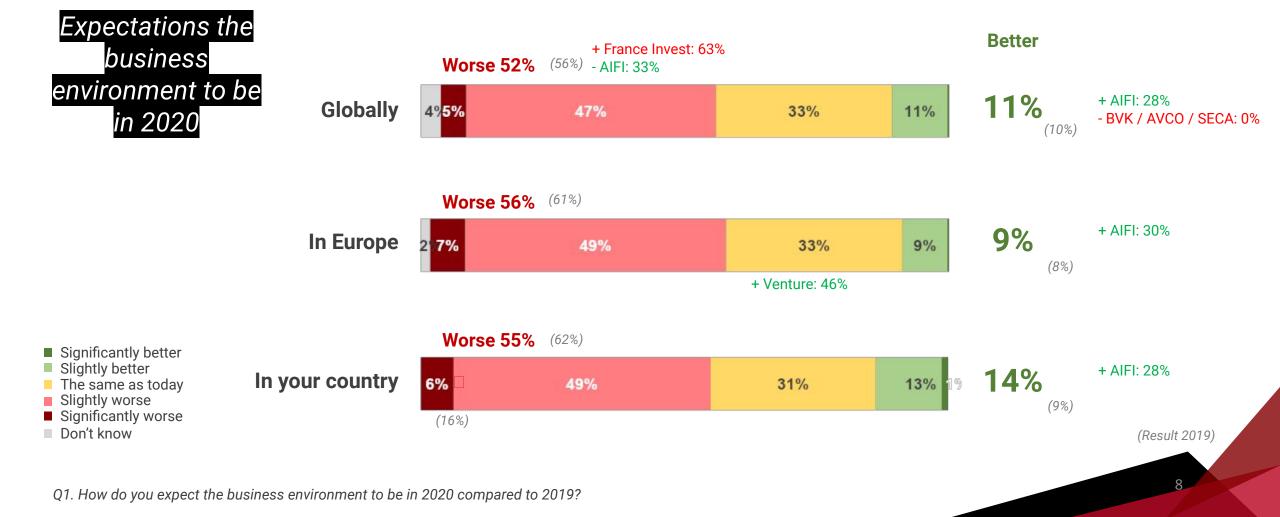




**Results are stable compared to 2019:** the environment continues to be perceived to be worse in the future regardless of the place, despite **a light improvement trend**.

In the detail, the association France Invest is globally pessimistic concerning the future (63% vs 52%).

Generally, the association AIFI is more optimistic than the others because its scores (whether it is globally, in Europe or in the country) are significantly higher to the global result on the fact that the future will be better.





<u>2020 i</u>s a good year for...

Portfolio management / improvement remains the first area which will have good opportunities in 2020. The score is stable compared to last year and all the associations shared this feeling. Exiting, Fundraising and Deal making / capital deployment are at the same level: their scores are very close. **An increasing trend for these 2 last.** 

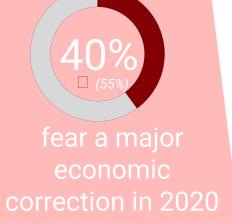
The association France Invest is more enthusiastic on Exiting and Fundraising: its score is significantly higher to the global result.



Q11. In your markets (by geography and market segment), do you consider 2020 as a good year for:



Basis : n=370



+ ASCRI / APCRI: 55%

- + Venture: 54%
- + Less than 100 million: 49%
- Buyout: 26%

4 out of 10 people fear a major economic correction in 2020, lower score than 2019 (15 points of difference).

Brexit and its consequences and Eurozone imbalance are less mentioned than last year. As a consequence, Protectionism / trade wars becomes the first threat mentioned globally, but also the first citation (for about 3 out of 10 people).

As in previous year, we can notice differences between the associations.

### External threats

	% 1st citation % Total	2019	
Protectionism / trade wars	32% 76%	(76%)	
Brexit and its consequences	22% 71% 🗆	(80%)	- France Invest: 60% - BVK / AVCO / SECA: 59%
Rising populism	16% 51%	(47%)	- BVA / NVP: 33%
Eurozone imbalances	5%37%	(62%)	+ Venture: 50% - France Invest: 25%
Level of corporate debt	6%32%	(New)	
Unconventional and unpredictable monetary policies	5%31%	(New)	+ BVA / NVP: 44%
Climate change and its consequences	7% 24%	(New)	+ France Invest: 32% - ASCRI / APCRI: 6% / AIFI: 5%
Terrorism / Cyberattacks	3%19%	(New)	- BVK / AVCO / SECA: 6% - AIFI: 5%
Level of sovereign debt	2%18%	(New)	+ Less than 100 million: 25% + ASCRI / APCRI: 33% / AIFI: 33%
Emerging markets crisis	2%17%	(22%)	(Result 2019)

Q2. Do you fear a major economic correction in 2020?

Q3. What type of external threats will the European Private Capital industry face in 2020?



11

Basis : n=370

High valuations are the principal industry/economic risk quoted for nearly 9 in 10 respondents, increasing significantly in 2020. It is followed by the slowdown in growth, stable compared to last year.

In the detail, various decreases can be noted: markets volability (which was in the Top 3 in 2019), currency instability and rising inflation.

11

ndustry/economic risks	% 1st citation	% Total	2019	
High valuations	31%	86% 7	(79%)	+ France Invest: 95% - AIFI: 74% - BVA / NVP: 72%
Slowdown in growth	30%	81%	(81%)	+ Growth: 92%
Excessive leverage	<b>6%51%</b>		(47%)	+ France Invest: 61% / Buyout: 61% - Growth: 36%
High level of dry powder	12% 49%		(New)	+ France Invest: 71% / More than 500 millions: 63% - Venture: 30%
Markets volatility	7%40%		(64%)	+ Venture: 55% / Less than 100 millions: 54% - France Invest: 30% / Buyout: 26%
Increased regulation	7% 29%		(29%)	+ BVK / AVCO / SECA: 43% / BVA / NVP: 42% / Buyout: 38% - France Invest: 13%
Competition from new entrants	4%19%		(19%)	+ ASCRI / APCRI: 33% / Venture: 31% - France Invest: 10%
Currency instability	1%16% 🗆		(23%)	+ Growth: 26% - BVA / NVP: 6% - France Invest: 5%
Scandals / reputational risks	1/9%		(5%)	
Rising inflation	193% □		(18%)	(Result 2019)

#### Q4. What principal industry/economic risks the European Private Capital industry face in 2020?





# An industry more positive in 2020



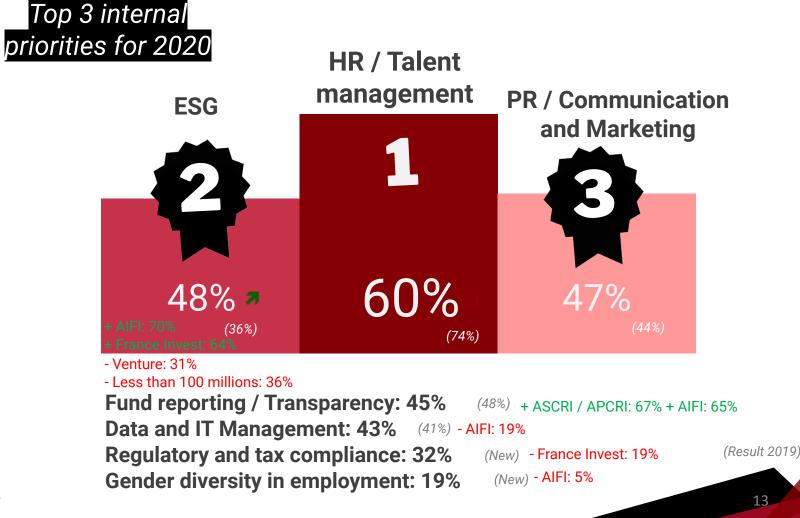


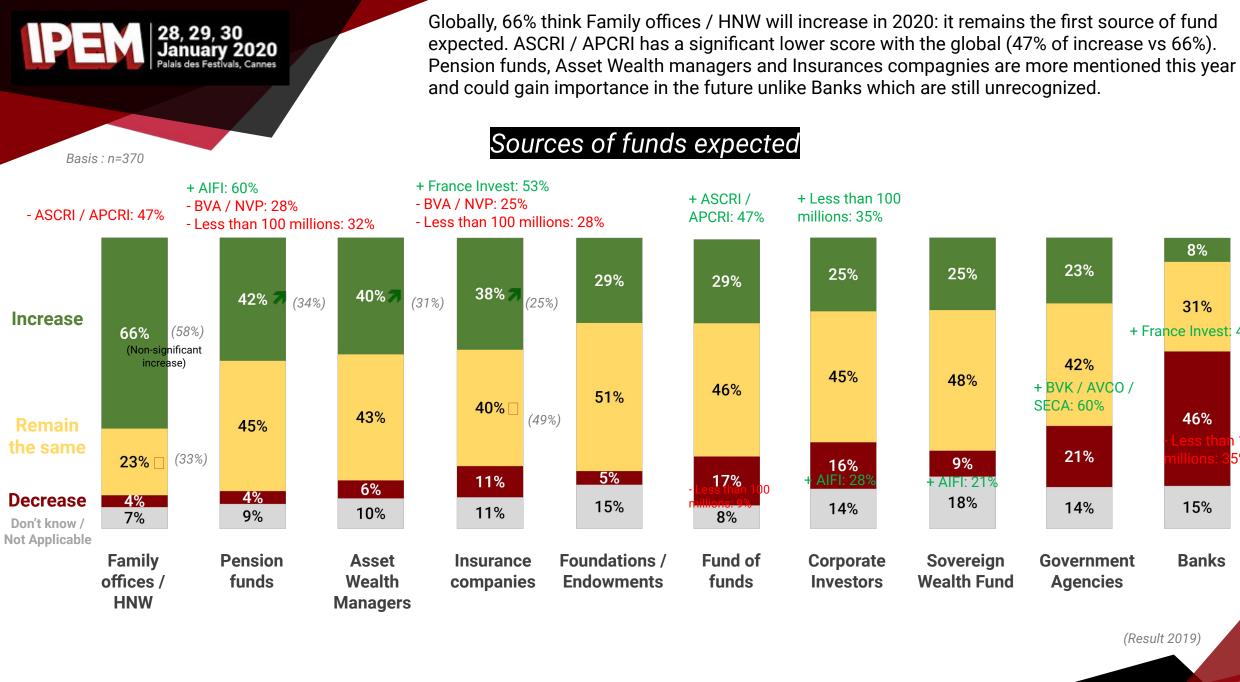
- + AIFI: 51%
- + ASCRI / APCRI: 51%
- + France Invest: 47%
- + Venture: 45%
- Buyout: 20%

Q20. In 2020, do you expect to raise a new fund?Q20bis. In 2020, do you expect to launch new strategies?Q22. What are your top 3 internal priorities for 2020?

In these conditions, people that expects to raise new funds are two times higher than those willing to launch new strategies. Concerning this point, the associations AIFI, ASCRI / APCRI and France Invest have a higher score than the global one.

HR / Talent management remains the first internal priority for 2020 even if it's less mentioned than 2019 (60% vs 74%). ESG becomes also a priority this year (48%), particularly AIFI (70%) and France Invest (64%).





Q12. In your markets (by geography and market segment), which sources of funds do you expect to gain importance in fundraising in 2020?

(Result 2019)

8%

31%

+ France Invest: 42%

46%

15%

**Banks** 

h 100

5%

23%

42%

+ BVK / AVCO /

21%

14%

Government

Agencies

**SECA: 60%** 

25%

48%

9%

+ AIFI: 21%

18%

Sovereign

Wealth Fund

25%

45%

16%

AIFI: 28%

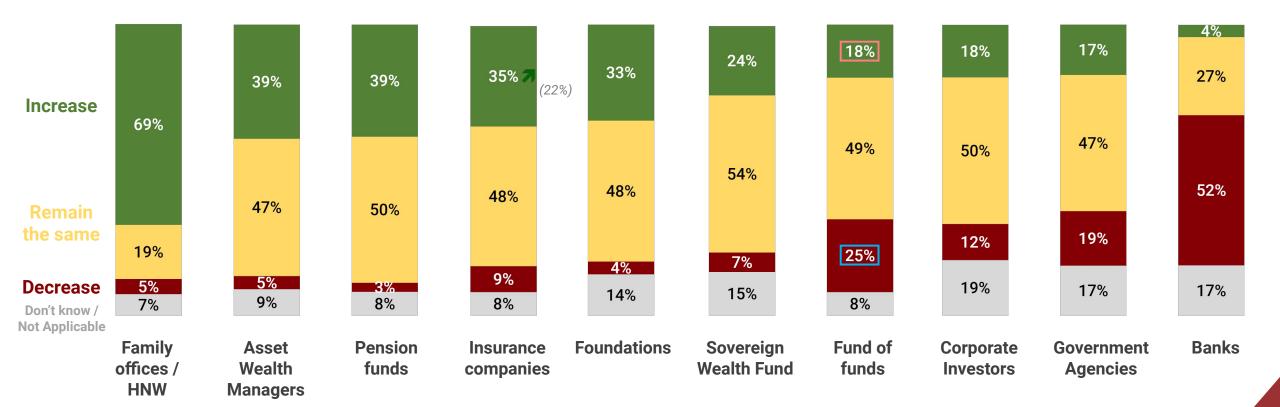
14%



Basis Buyout: n=139 For Buyout, as last year, one quarter of respondents think fund of funds will decrease in 2020. Insurance companies will increase compared to 2019.



### Sources of funds expected



Differences significantly higher than the global result

Differences significantly lower than the global result

Q12. In your markets (by geography and market segment), which sources of funds do you expect to gain importance in fundraising in 2020?

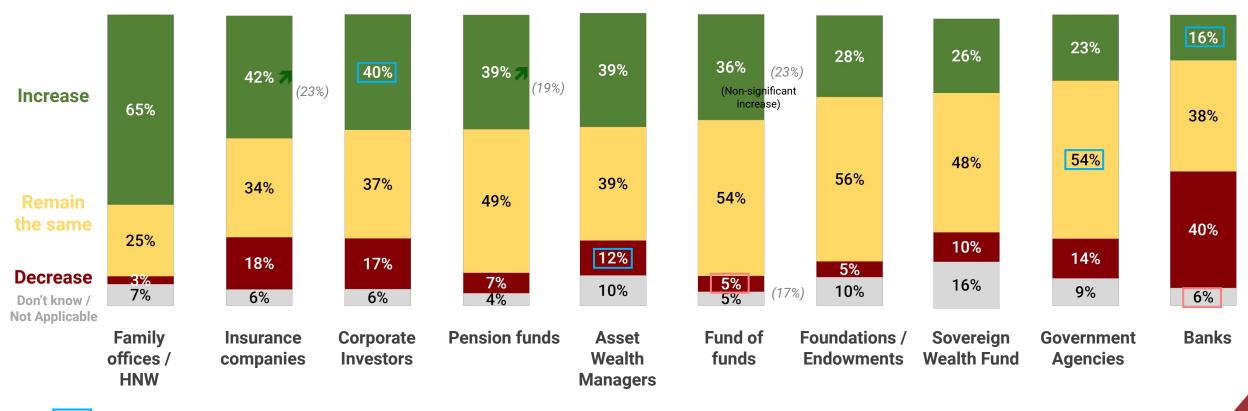


n=80

Compared to the global, for Venture, Corporate Investors and Banks are more mentioned as potential source of funds.

Insurance companies and Pension funds are sources more mentioned in 2020.





Differences significantly higher than the global result

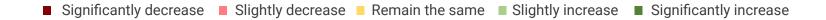
Differences significantly lower than the global result

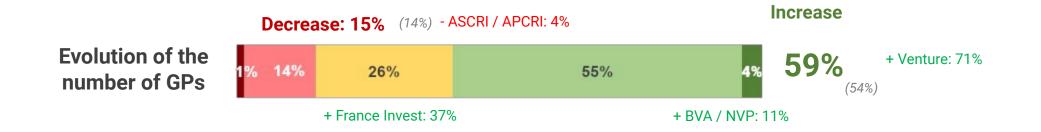
Q12. In your markets (by geography and market segment), which sources of funds do you expect to gain importance in fundraising in 2020?

Venture



An upward trend: for 6 people out of 10, new GPs will enter on the market in 2020, especially for Venture (71%). Some differences are quoted between associations.





Q8. According to you, how will the number of GPs evolve in 2020 in Europe?

17

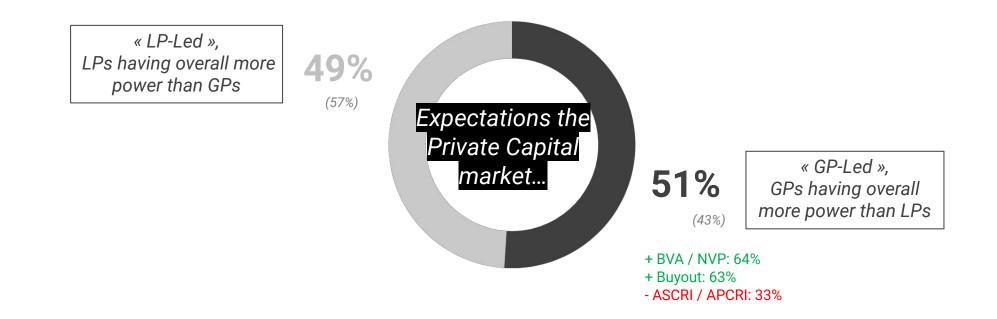
(Result 2019)



Basis : n=370

Towards a balance in strength: people don't have any particular expectations: a half want the Private Capital Market in Europe to be more "GP-Led" and the other more "LP-Led". It's less marked than last year.

As last year, the association BVA / NVP is more focused on "GP-Led".

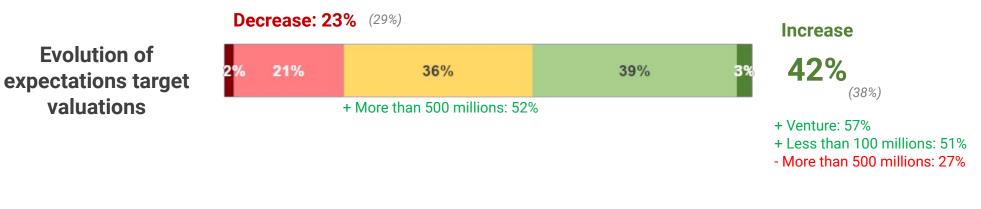


(Result 2019)

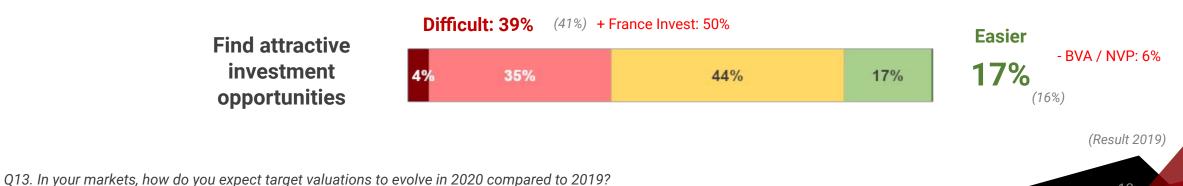


The evolution of expectations target valuations will slightly increase in trend in 2020. No evolution in the ease to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020: 39% declare it will be more difficult, and particularly France Invest (50%).

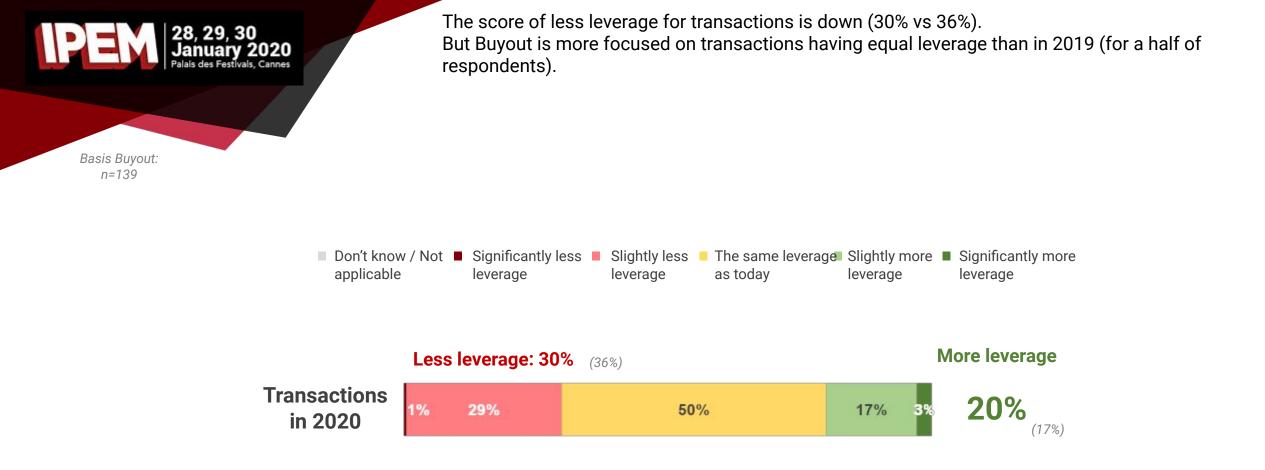
■ Significantly decrease ■ Slightly decrease ■ Remain the same ■ Slightly increase ■ Significantly increase



Significantly more difficult Slightly more difficult Remain the same Slightly easier Significantly easier

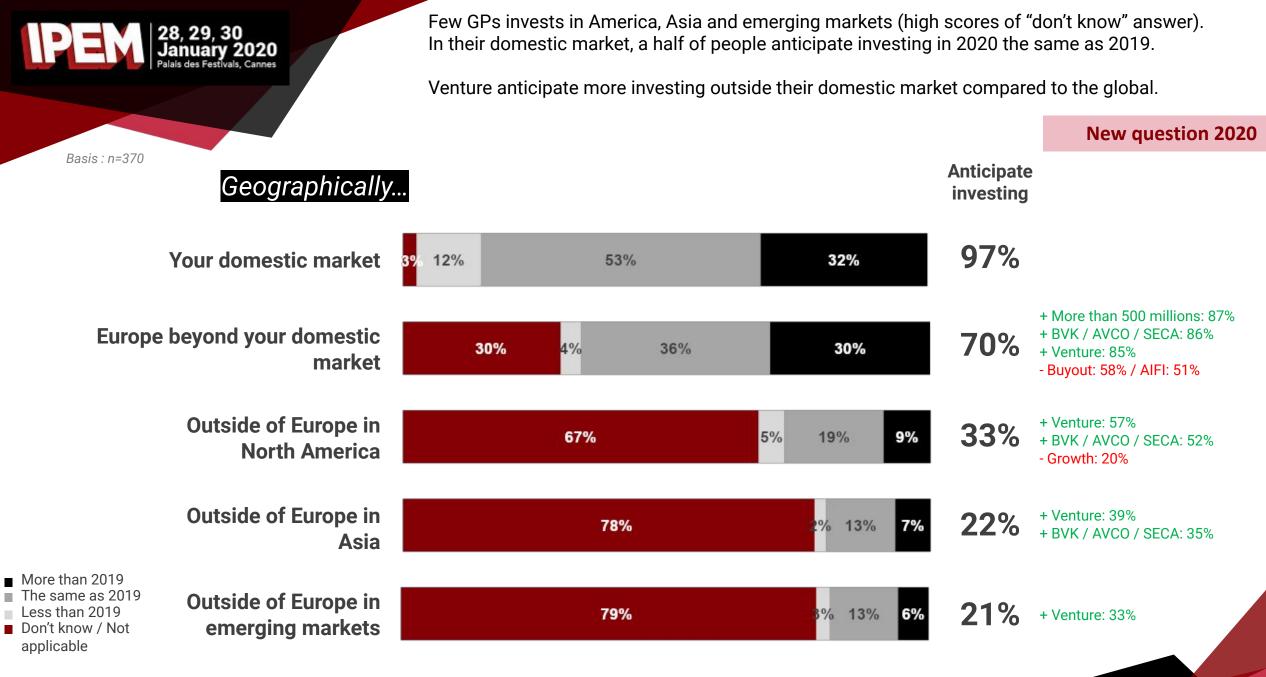


Q14. In your markets, will it be easier or more difficult to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020 compared to 2019?



Q15. (For buyout only) In your markets, do you think that transactions in 2020 will have more, less or equal leverage than in 2019?

(Result 2019)



Q14b. Geographically, do you anticipate investing in 2020...

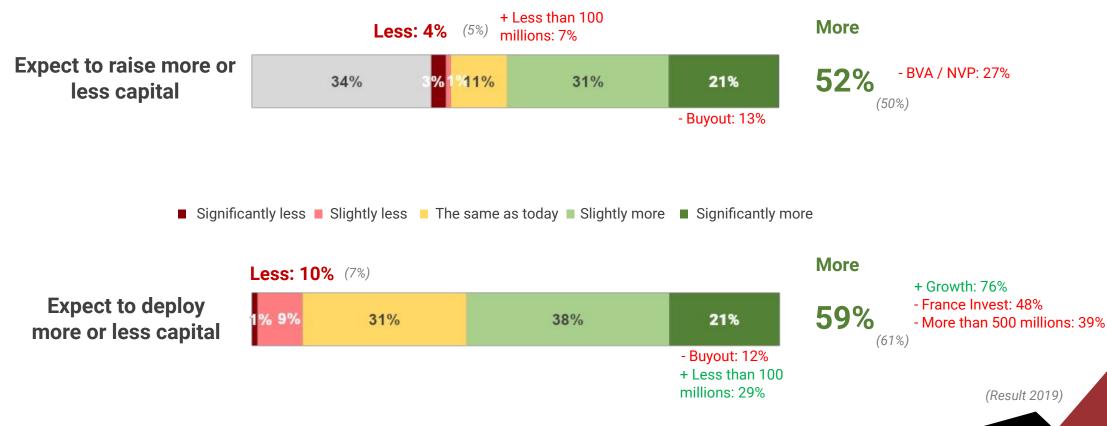


Basis : n=370

The raise and the deployments of capital remain should remain stable in 2020. The association BVA / NVP has a significant lower score (27%) for raise capital intention.

22





Q19. If you have fundraising plans, do you expect to raise more or less capital in 2020 compared to your last fund? Q21. Do you expect to deploy more or less capital in 2020 compared to 2019?



Attract

Basis : n=139

The Top 3 of industries the most attractive remains unchanged compared to 2019: Pharma and healthcare, Business services and Information technology.

But Pharma and healthcare is more mentioned this year in comparison with Business services (a decreasing trend for this industry).

No differences according to the size of typical fund: the top 3 is the same with global.

tive industries in Buyout	% 1st % Tota citation	2019	Less than 100 millions Basis : n=22	More than 500 millions Basis : n=40
Pharma and healthcare	26% 72	<b>% त्र</b> (58%)	(56%)	(69%)
Business services (excl. financial)	19% 52%	(65%)	(54%)	(64%)
Information technology	8% 42%	(43%)	(44%)	(48%)
Food and agriculture	10% 35%	(27%)	(25%)	(25%)
Environmental services / Cleantech	34% 🛪	(20%)	(41%)	(31%)
Industrials	13% 33%	(43%)	(40%)	(45%)
Consumer goods / services	6% 30%	(37%)	(34%)	(32%)
Financial services	1%19%	(27%)	(13%)	(26%)
Telecoms, Media and Communications	4% 15%	(22%)	(24%)	(19%)
Infrastructure	4%14%	(New)	(10%)	(8%)
Chemicals & materials	12%	(12%)	(12%)	(8%)
Energy and utilities	4% 11%	(11%)	(16%)	(7%)
Real estate	5%	(4%)	(3%)	(5%)

Q17. (For buyout only) In your geographies, what industries do you see as attractive in Buyout in 2020?

23

28, 29, 30 January 2020 Palais des Festivals, Cannes Stable results, excepting Internet / E-Commerce which decreases this year. Cybersecurity emerges in Top 3 for Venture and Growth this year (but non-significant increase).

### Attractive industries

Basis : n=80	% 1st citation % Total	2019	Basis : n=80	th % 1st citation % Total	2019
AI / Big data	5765%	(73%)	Software (non-internet/mobile)	8% 43%	(43%)
Cybersecurity	10% 51%	(35%)	Health / Medtech	13% 41%	(50%)
Health / Medtech	16% 48%	(54%)	Cybersecurity	6% 40%	(32%)
Software (non-internet/mobile)	12% 39%	(37%)	AI / Big data	18% 39%	(42%)
Fintech	13% 33%	(32%)	Fintech	7% 30%	(31%)
Clean / Greentech	11% 28%	(23%)	Agri / Foodtech	3%29%	(33%)
Agri / Foodtech	6% 25%	(22%)	Clean / Greentech	13% 24%	(24%)
Biotech	8% 20%	(25%)	Business products / services	7% 23%	(18%)
Industrial	3%16%	(25%)	Industrial	2%21%	(16%)
Business products / services	4%11%	(19%)	Consumer products / services	1/12%	(16%)
Mobile / Telecommunications	3%9%	(11%)	Biotech	4%12%	(16%)
Internet / E-Commerce	2%7%	(13%)	Internet / E-Commerce	3%8%	(21%)
Consumer products / services	2%7%	(6%)	Mobile / Telecommunications	1/4%	(6%)
Electronics / Hardware	1/5%	(10%)	Electronics / Hardware	3%	(3%)

(Result 2019)

Q16. (For Venture and Growth only) In your geographies, what industries do you see as attractive in Venture & Growth Capital in 2020?



### A new model in 2020



Basis : n=370

Trends to th

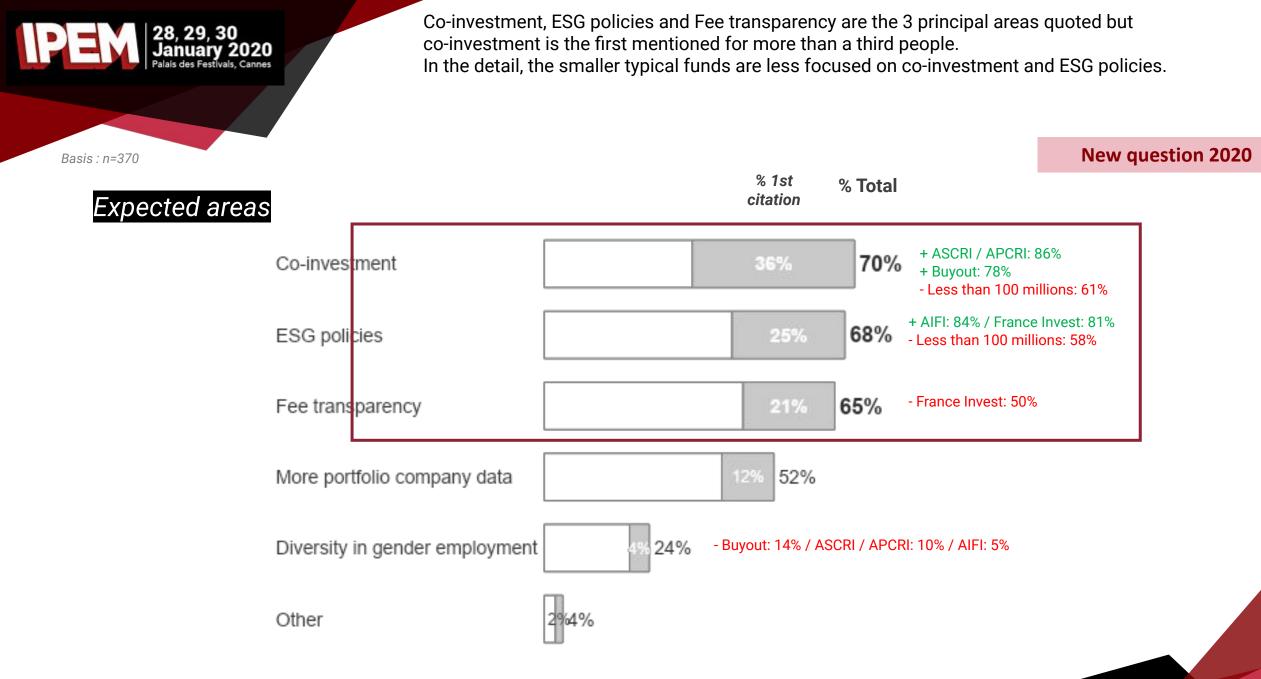
As last year, no trend affecting the Private Capital business model in the short to mid-term emerge particularly in the list, even if GPs specializing in niche strategies and direct competition from LPs are mentioned by half of respondents.

Direct competition is the first mentioned, in evolution compared to 2019.

Co-investment vehicles is a new trend this year (not present in 2019) and directly belongs in the Top 3.

ne Private Capital business model	% 1st % Total citation	2019	
GPs specializing in niche strategies	15% 50%	(48%)	
Direct competition from LPs	19% <b>7</b> (12%)	(44%)	- ASCRI / APCRI: 35%
Co-investment vehicles	10% 46%	(New)	
Longer fund duration models	11% 41%	(45%)	+ BVA / NVP: 59%
GPs diversifying into new/broader	10% 40%	(44%)	
Asset Managers or other competitors	8% 38%	(39%)	
New liquidity schemes / secondaries	8% 35%	(33%)	- BVA / NVP: 22%
Deal by deal / pledge fund models	30%	(26%)	- France Invest: 17% - More than 500 millions: 8%
Consolidation / M&A activity among GPs	7% 25%	(24%)	+ France Invest: 47% - BVA / NVP: 11%
New open-ended funds	5%19%	(19%)	+ BVA / NVP: 42% - ASCRI / APCRI : 8%

Q7. In the short to mid-term, what trends do you see as affecting the Private Capital business model?



Q6. In which areas do you expect LPs to be most demanding of GPs in 2020?





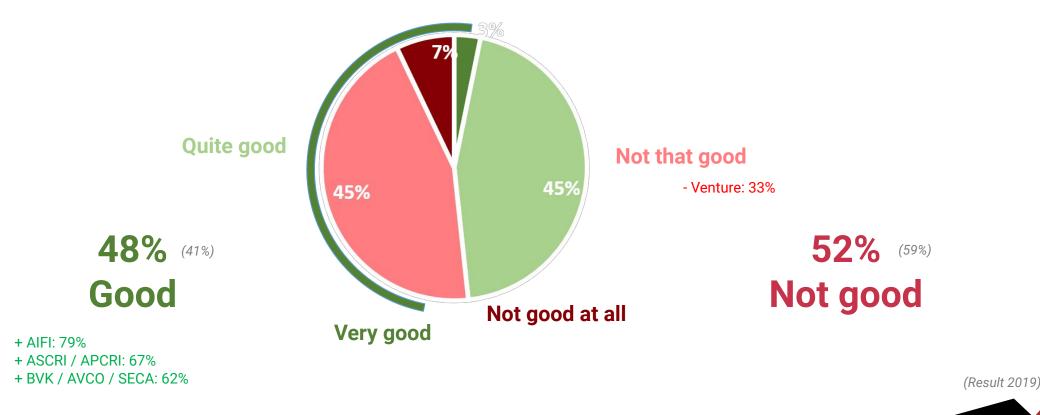
An evolving role of Private Equity in the society



Basis : n=370

Compared to last year, opinions are more divided: 48% of the respondents say they have a good perception of the Private Equity / Venture Capital industry and its economic role. The associations AIFI, ASCRI / APCRI and BVK / AVCO / SECA are more optimistic.

### Public perception of the Private Equity / Venture Capital industry



Q9. According to you, what is the public perception of the Private Equity / Venture Capital industry and its economic role?



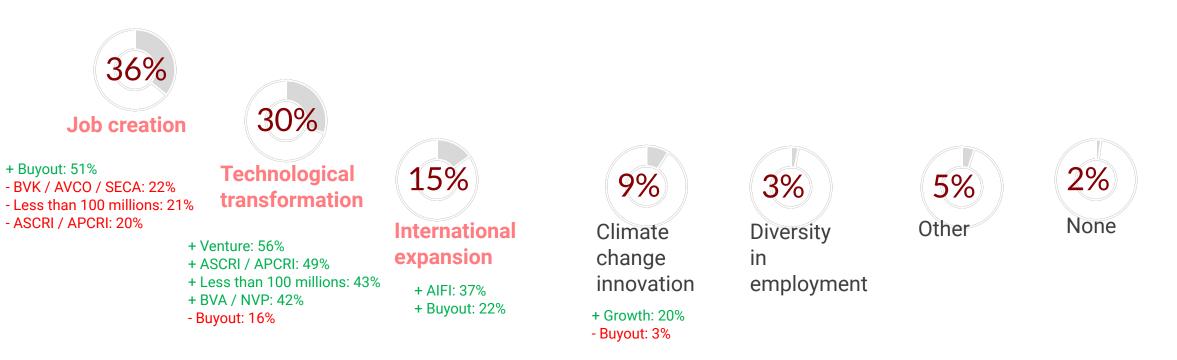
Basis : n=370

Globally, Job creation and Technological transformation are considered as the 2 most positive contribution of the industry in the society.

But some differences between the main strategies of the funds: Buyout is more focused on Job creation and International expansion, Venture on Technological transformation and Growth on Climate change innovation.

New question 2020

### The most positive contribution of the industry





### International Private Equity Market WELCOME

3

### Conclusions

200

#### A business environment deemed more favorable in 2020:

- LPs will continue to raise funds (72% vs 65%l) and to make deals (71% vs 65%): An increasing trend compared to 2019
- They are less afraid of a global recession: 4 people out of 10 fear a major economic correction in 2020 (vs 55% in 2019)
- Brexit and its consequences are less mentioned as an external threat compared to 2019 (71% vs 80%)

### Finally, a less pronounced fear of the future and an industry much more optimistic than in 2019

#### In this context, the industry remains very positive on its fundamentals:

- A dynamism of fundraising anticipated in 2020, funds will be bigger: Family offices / HNW, pension funds, asset wealth managers and insurance companies are considered as sources of funds gaining importance compared to 2019.
- 60% expect to raise new funds in 2020
- The number of GPs will evolve in Europe (59% vs 54% in 2019)

#### But some tensions persist and an access to good deals will still be difficult:

- The deployment is considered as difficult
- Only 17% mention it will be easier to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020
- 30% think transactions will have less leverage than in 2019
- Few GPs invest in America, Asia and emerging markets



#### A new model is gradually emerging:

- ESG becomes a priority this year, in the top 3 of GPs and LPs priorities: 48% mention ESG (vs 36% in 2019)
- Co-investment vehicles is a new trend this year (46% mention it)

#### An evolving role of Private Equity in the society:

- Best reputation: 48% have a good perception of PE industry (vs 41% in 2019)
- An assumed role of job creation (36% mention it as the most positive contribution of the industry in the society

### However, they admit not having all the tools concerning ecologic transition and gender diversity in employment

# Key findings 2020



# **Key points about France Invest**

- 63% expect the business environment will be significantly worse in 2020 compared to 2019 (vs 52% globally)
- Brexit is less mentioned (60% vs 71% globally) and Eurozone imbalances (25% vs 37% globally)
- 95% mention high valuations as an industry/economic risk in 2020 (vs 86% globally)
- They mention ESG (64%) as an internal priority in 2020
- 50% say it will be more difficult to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020 compared to 2019
- Only 20% anticipate investing more than 2019 in their domestic market (vs 32% globally)
- They expect to deploy less capital compared to other associations (48% vs 59% globally)
- According to France Invest, the number of GPs will remain the same in 2020 (37% vs 26% globally)



# Key points about **BVA / NVP**

- Only 33% mention **rising populism** (vs 51% globally)
- They mention less **high valuations** (72% vs 86% globally) as being an industry/economic risk
- They don't expect to raise a new fund (only 30% vs 60% globally)
- As last year, more focused "GP-Led" compared to the other associations
- **Only 6% think it will easier** to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020 (vs 17% globally)
- They **expect to deploy less capital** in 2020 in comparison with the other associations
- They mention the number of GPs will significantly increase in 2020 (11% vs 4% globally)
- 42% declare **technological transformation** will be the most positive contribution of the industry



### Key points about BVK / AVCO / SECA

- They don't think the business environment will be globally better in 2020
- **59% mention Brexit as an external threat** (vs 71% globally)
- Less than half expect to raise a new fund in 2020
- Best reputation 62% have a good perception of the Private Equity industry and its economic role (vs 48% globally)
- Only 22% mention job creation as a positive contribution of the industry (vs 36% globally)



# Key points about ASCRI / APCRI

- 55% of respondents fear a major economic correction in 2020 (vs 40% globally) – the score evolves compared to 2019 (35%)
- They consider less 2020 as a good year for exiting (55% of better vs 73% globally)
- 51% expect to launch new strategies (vs 30% globally)
- They underline Fund reporting / Transparency as an internal priority for 2020 (37% vs 45% globally)
- Less focused "GP-Led" compared to other associations (33% vs 51% globally)
- In this association, they are less to think the number of GPs will decrease (4% vs 15% globally)



# Key points about AIFI

- The association is optimistic concerning the future regardless of the place (globally, in Europe or in their country)
- Three quarters mention high valuations as an external threat for the Private Capital industry in Europe in 2020 (vs 86% globally)
- **51% expect to launch new strategies** in 2020 (vs 30% globally)
- They mention **ESG** (70%) and **Fund reporting** (65%) as internal priorities for 2020
- 47% anticipate investing more than 2019 in their domestic market (vs 32% globally)
- Best reputation 67% have a good perception of the Private Equity industry and its economic role (vs 48% globally)
- 37% mention international expansion as a positive contribution of the industry (vs 15% globally)



# Key points about **BVCA**

- One in two respondents expect the business environment will be significantly worse in 2020 compared to 2019 (vs 52% globally)
- A third of respondents fear a major economic correction in 2020
- Brexit is globally mentioned by nearly 9 in 10 respondents: it's the most quoted external threat
- All respondents mention high valuations as an industry/economic risk in 2020 (vs 86% globally)
- A half want the Private Capital Market in Europe to be more "GP-Led" and the other more "LP-Led"
- The first internal priority in 2020 for us is **HR / Talent management** (nearly 6 in 10 respondents)
- Bad reputation 7 in 10 respondents have not a good perception of the Private Equity industry and its economic role (vs 52% globally)
- **Job creation** is by far the most frequently cited positive contribution of the industry (by more than 6 in 10 respondents)
- Three quarters expect to raise a new fund in 2020 and only one in ten respondents expect to launch new strategies



### Key points about Venture

- 54% of respondents fear a major economic correction in 2020 (vs 40% globally)
- A half of respondents mention Eurozone imbalances (vs 37% globally, score in decline)
- 55% of respondents mention markets volability as an industry/economic risk in 2020 (vs 40% globally, score in decline)
- 6 in 10 respondents more focused "LP-Led"
- According to 71% of respondents, **the number of GPs will evolve in 2020 in Europe** (score significant with the global result)
- **Technological transformation** is by far the most frequently cited positive contribution of the industry (by 56% of respondents)
- 57% expect target valuations to evolve in 2020 compared to 2019 (vs 42% globally)
- Compared to the global, **they anticipate more investing outside their domestic markets** (for example in North America, in Asia, in emerging markets)
- Cybersecurity is more mentioned this year as an attractive industry
- 45% expect to launch new strategies (vs 30% globally)
- ESG is less mentioned compared to the global (31% vs 48%)



# Key points about Small funds

(less than 100 millions)

- A half of respondents fear a major economic correction in 2020 (vs 40% globally)
- 29% mention Brexit and its consequences as an external threat (first citation vs 22% globally)
- Markets volatility are more quoted as an industry/economic risk in 2020 by small funds compared to global (54% vs 40%)
- In the detail, the smaller typical funds are less focused on co-investment and ESG policies
- According to 66% of respondents, **the number of GPs will evolve in 2020** in Europe (higher score with the global result but non-significant)
- They mention **technological transformation** as the most positive contribution of the industry in the society (43% vs 30% globally) but less job creation (21% vs 36%)
- 57% expect to raise a fund and 35% expect to launch new strategies in line with the global
- **ESG** is less mentioned as un internal priority compared to the global (36% vs 48%)



### Key points about Large funds (more than 100 millions)

- One third of respondents mention Rising populism as an external threat (first citation vs 16% globally)
- High level of dry powder stands out more in large funds compared to global (63% vs 49%)
- Unlike small funds, **deal by deal is not considered as a trend** which can affects the Private Capital business model (8% vs 30% globally)
- For large funds, **target valuations will remain the same in 2020** compared to 2019 (52% vs 36% globally)
- They think it will not be easier to find attractive investment opportunities in 2020 (only 9%)
- 27% mention they will anticipate investing in 2020 less than 2019 in their domestic market (vs 12% globally)
- But large funds will invest in Europe beyond their domestic market (87% vs 70% globally)
- They don't expect to deploy more capital in 2020 compared to 2019 (only 39% vs 59% globally)



#### International Private Equity Market WELCOME ACCREDITATIONS

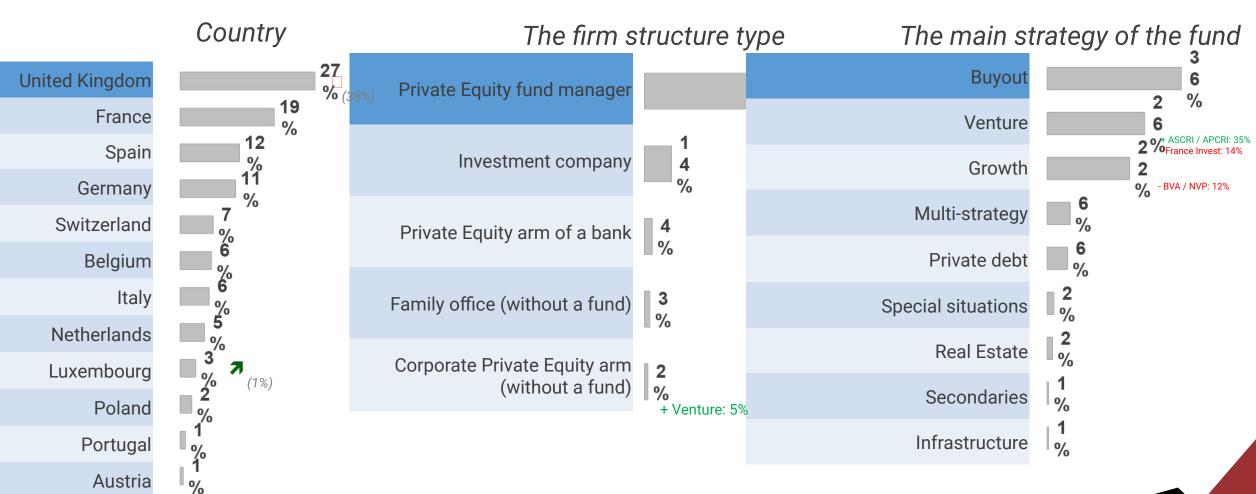
25

# About you / your firm



Basis : n=370

Less English firms in the sample this year. A majority of Private Equity fund manager and a strategy always more focused on Buyout.



Q22bis. Please select the country where your firm is headquartered in Europe. Q22ter. Please select your firm structure type. Q23. Please select the main strategy of your fund.

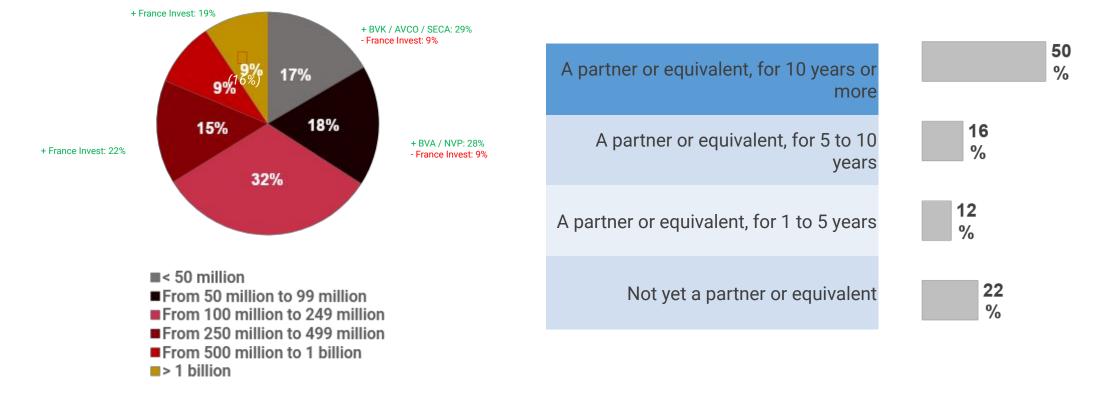


All the sizes of typical fund are represented this year but less >1 billion globally (superior in France Invest). The half are partner or equivalent, for 10 years and more.

Basis : n=370

### The size of the typical fund

### Are you personally?







### Your contacts:

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# Thank you

WELCOME